Business and Investor Sign on Letter Calling on the EU to Set a Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Target of at least 90% by 2040

Dear Environment and Climate Ministers,
CC: European Council, European Commission, Members of the European Parliament,

We write to you as business leaders and investors, who have been long-term proponents of the EU setting robust climate targets. These targets provide us with a clear course to step up action and investments to transition towards more sustainable business models and rapidly lower our emissions. Ultimately, climate risk is an economic and financial risk.

The endorsement by the European Commission of a 90 per cent greenhouse gas emissions reduction in its Communication is a step in the right direction.¹ A robust target that is backed by a smart, ambitious and coherent package of supporting policies will decarbonise our economies, drive innovation and economic opportunity for companies in all sectors. It will enable the creation of quality jobs and cost savings that citizens rightly expect, while improving the health and well-being of its people. A well-designed target should also be consistent with the just transition where costs and benefits are equitably distributed and the most vulnerable are protected.

We call on the EU to build on the recommendations of the European Scientific Advisory Board on Climate Change (ESABCC)² and the Commission’s Communication, to set a target of at least 90 per cent net reduction in greenhouse gas emissions by 2040 compared to 1990 levels. This science-based target reflects the urgency and benefits of near-term action, enabling steep emission reductions before 2040. 90% should be considered as the floor rather than the ceiling for ambition. Mitigation should be considered the absolute priority with actions to step up the decarbonisation of all economic sectors, accelerate the clean energy transition and increase energy efficiency. Coherently with the prioritisation of mitigation, the maximum share of emissions expected to be eliminated through nature-based carbon removals and technological removals should be assessed. Having clarity on the role these solutions are expected to play would improve transparency and accountability by making the assumed maximum carbon removal reliance explicit.

The debate on the target comes in a period of reflection on the EU's future strategic agenda. A robust climate target and decarbonisation of our economies will improve the EU’s resilience to shocks, energy security and competitiveness. The target, and climate more broadly, should be considered as a central element of the overall strategy to achieve these objectives.

Increasing the EU’s Competitive Sustainability

The evidence shows that the global economic opportunity from the development of clean technologies alone is enormous.³ Integrating the target into a comprehensive industrial strategy, guided by a
The target will support the EU’s overall strategy to deeply enhance energy security for citizens and businesses by accelerating the clean energy transition and energy efficiency. The Commission’s Communication demonstrates that a target of 90% would correspond to a full decarbonisation of electricity in the second half of the 2031-2040 decade. We call for the EU to set a policy environment that will phase out fossil fuels, accelerate electrification and the decarbonisation of the power sector with renewables and low-carbon electricity, ensure access to flexible energy infrastructure, and large scale roll out of energy efficiency measures in industry and buildings. In this context, robust carbon pricing should continue to incentivise investments in decarbonised energy and solutions. Fossil fuels subsidies should be eliminated, freeing up finance to be reallocated for the development of clean technologies.

Stepping up Implementation

As we enter two decisive decades to achieve climate neutrality by 2050, the EU needs to build on the legacy of the Green Deal and an effective implementation of the Fit for 55 Package. Businesses are ready to play a key role in translating climate targets into concrete action with the support of enabling measures and policies. They are taking action to decarbonise their operations and value chains by increasing efficient use of energy, switching to low-carbon energy, transitioning to electric vehicles and developing low-carbon materials. Meanwhile, many investors are setting net zero strategies and working to integrate climate risks and opportunities into their individual investment decisions and processes (Please refer to the Annex below for more information)

Harnessing the Decarbonisation Potential of the Circular Economy

The EU should harness the opportunities presented by the circular economy and eco-design to tackle emissions stemming from the production of materials. Developing and rapidly scaling up circular economy solutions through systemic circular designs, repair, reuse and recycling can reduce the demand for raw material extraction and emissions from energy-intensive production processes. The European Commission’s report on critical raw materials and the circular economy highlights the important role that circularity can play in ensuring security of supply, whilst also greatly reducing energy use.
Building Synergies between Climate and Nature

Businesses recognise that nature restoration and sustainable land use will play a key role in increasing the EU’s ability to mitigate and adapt to climate change. We cannot reach our climate targets without nature or indeed our nature targets without tackling climate. The 2040 climate target should create a clear signal to businesses and national governments of the importance in investing in nature-based solutions and the transition to a nature positive economy.

Strengthening the EU’s International Leadership

Agreements from the first Global Stocktake concluded at COP28 have underlined the importance of accelerating emissions reductions. A strong target will allow the EU to maintain its climate commitments and play a leading role to phase out fossil fuels, triple the rate of deployment of renewables and double energy efficiency rates globally. The EU should also deploy trade policies in line with climate objectives to create larger markets for more sustainable products and materials.

As business leaders, we are ready to continue the dialogue on the target with policymakers. By working hand in hand, we believe that the EU can set and achieve a robust 2040 target for the benefit of climate, people and the economy.

Yours sincerely,
Signatory businesses and investors:

1. Caspar Herzberg, CEO, AVEVA
2. Luc Rémont, CEO, EDF
3. Miguel Stilwell d’Andrade, CEO, EDP
4. Markus Rauramo, President and CEO, Fortum Corporation
5. Kristian Elgey, CEO, HH Global
6. Ignacio Sánchez Galán, Executive Chairman, Iberdrola
7. Jesper Brodin, CEO, Ingka Group (IKEA)
8. Kasper Fangel, Group CEO, ISS
9. Gene Murtagh, CEO, Kingspan Group
10. Alexander Birken, CEO, Otto Group
11. Alistair Phillips Davies, CEO, SSE plc
12. Hein Schumacher, CEO, Unilever
13. Anna Borg, CEO, Vattenfall
14. Ramon Arratia, Global VP & Chief Sustainability Officer, Ball Corporation
15. Alessandro Brussi, CFO, Danieli C. Officine Meccaniche S.p.A.
16. Javier Losada, Chief Sustainability Officer, Inditex
17. David Ducarme, COO and Deputy CEO, Knauf Insulation
18. Daniel Schmid, Chief Sustainability Officer, SAP
19. Joe Franses, Vice President Sustainability, Coca Cola Europacific Partners
20. Matt Brittin, President EMEA, Google
21. Tim Christophersen, VP Climate Action, Salesforce
22. Harry Verhaar, VP Global Public & Government Affairs, Signify
23. Viktoria Karsberg, VP Head of Corporate Identity and Group Communications, SSAB
24. Fleming Voetmann, Vice President, External Relations & Sustainability, VELUX
25. Leyla Ertur, Head of Sustainability, H&M Group
26. Linda Skogsberg, Sustainability Communications Lead, Polestar
27. Francesc Casajuana Cusçó, General Counsel, DANONE S.A.
28. Joakin Byström, CEO, Absolicon
29. Sebastian von Stauffenberg, CEO, AGI AG für Isolierungen
30. Jens Munch Holst, CEO, Akademiker Pension
31. Jesus Llinares, CEO, ANDREU WORLD
32. Eva Halvarsson, CEO, AP2 (Andra AP-fonden)
33. Fredric Nyström, Head of Sustainability & Governance, AP3 - Third Swedish National Pension Fund
34. Johan Florén, Chief ESG and Communication Officer, AP7 (Sjunde AP-fonden)
35. Davide Dal Maso, CEO, Avanzi
36. Josef Mikl, CEO, Batimat Isoliertechnik
37. Frederic Capdeville, CEO, Bricocenter Italia
38. Kenneth Van den Bergh, CEO, Carbon+Alt+Delete
39. Roland Felder, Managing Director, Carl Rinke GmbH & Co. KG
40. Andrei Brumaru, CEO, Carmistin
41. Sherry Madera, CEO, CDP
42. Suvi Kaksonen, COO, CEMAsys
43. Peter Sweatman, CEO, Climate Strategy
44. Lenka Mynářová, Chairman of the board, Datamar International s.r.o.
45. Carlota Esguevillas, Head of Responsible Investment, EdenTree Investment Management
46. Ophélie Mortier, CSIO, DPAM
47. Yves Desmet, CEO, D&D ISoltech
48. Anna Varpula, Director of Responsible Investment, Elo Mutual Pension Insurance Company
49. As Tempelman, CEO, Eneco
50. Eduardo Calderon, CEO, Enerfip España S.L.
51. Aleksandra Palinska, Executive Director, Eurosif - the European Sustainable Investment Forum
52. Germán Granda, Managing Director, Forética
53. Marko Guček, CEO, GoOpti, d.o.o.
54. David Blood, Senior Partner, Generation Investment Management LLP
55. Gerald Cooney, Chair, Greater Manchester Pension Fund
56. John David, Head of Greenbank, Greenbank
57. Darius Maikštėnas, Chair of the Management Board and CEO, Ignitis Group
58. Ilkay Özkisaoglu, DER Social CEO, IMBEO Passionate B2B Partnerships
59. Remco Boerefiën, CEO, IPCOM
60. Konrad Maurer, President, Issol Suisse
61. Sergio Andreis, Executive Director, Kyoto Club
62. Angel Batalla, Founder & CEO, Last Mile Team
63. Giannalberto Cancemi, CEO, Leroy Merlin Italia
64. Jacek Hutyra, Chief ESG Officer, Leroy Merlin Polska
65. Patrick O’Hara, Director of Responsible Investment and Engagement, LGPS Central
66. Markus Biland, General Manager, MABI AG
67. Gert Ysebaert, CEO, Mediahuis
68. Ignacio Muñoz de Juan, CEO, Molecor Tecnología, S.L.
69. Eric Pedersen, Head of Responsible Investments, NordeaAsset Management
70. Paul Ashton, Managing Director, Powertherm Contract Services Ltd
71. Antonio Potenza, CEO, Proodos Impact Capital
72. Lars Hugo Linden, CEO, Ragn-Sells
73. Alberico Tremigliozzi, CEO, Re2n srl
74. Andrea Bori, CEO, Riva e Mariani Group SpA
75. Daniele Battilocchio, CEO, SICOI Srl Società Benefit
76. Christian Pho Duc, CTO, SMARTENERGY Group AG
77. Leonardo Moreno, CEO, SOLARPACK
78. Emine Isciel, Head of Climate and Environment, Storebrand Asset Management
79. Maurizio Fieschi, CEO, Studio Fieschi & soci Srl
80. Enrique Tombas, CEO and President, Suma Capital SGEIC
81. Joana Borges Coutinho, Managing Partner, Sustain Azores Lda
82. Sandra Metoyer, Head of Sustainable Investments, Velliv
83. George Latham, Managing Partner, WHEB Asset Management

Business and investor networks and associations:

84. Rachel Solomon Williams, Executive Director, Aldersgate Group
85. Aron Cramer, President and CEO, BSR
86. Tomas Sercovich, CEO, Business in the Community Ireland
87. Ana Struna Bregar, CEO, CER Sustainability Business Network
88. Helen Clarkson, CEO, Climate group
89. Tuuli Kaskinen, CEO, Climate Leadership Coalition
90. Ursula Woodburn, Director, Corporate Leaders Group Europe
91. Andreas Guertler, Foundation Director, EiF
92. Adrian Joyce, Secretary General, EuroACE - Energy Efficient Buildings
93. Monica Frassoni, President, European Alliance to Save Energy (EU-ASE)
94. Stephanie Pfeifer, CEO, Institutional Investors Group on Climate Change (IIGCC)
95. Bjørn K. Haugland, CEO, Skift
96. David Atkin, CEO, Principles for Responsible Investment (UNPRI)
97. Valérie Séjourné, Managing Director, Solar Heat Europe
98. Gonzalo Sáenz de Miera, President, Spanish Green Growth Group
99. Sabine Nallinger, Managing Director, Stiftung KlimaWirtschaft
100. Dragos Tuta, Founder & President, Sustainability Embassy Romania
101. Magali Frankl, Director, The Shift
102. María Mendiluce, CEO, We Mean Business Coalition
103. Peter Bakker, CEO, World Business Council for Sustainable Development
104. Lukáš Rolf, Director, Změna k lepšímu z.s. (Change for the Better)
Signatory businesses and investors

AVEVA  Ball  Coca-Cola Europacific Partners  DANIELI  DANONE

EDF  edp  Fortum  Google  H&M Group

hh global  Iberdrola  INDITEX  IKEA  ISS

Kingspan  Knauf Insulation  otto group  Salesforce

SAP  Signify  SSAB  SSE  Unilever

Vattenfall  VELUX  Absolicon  AGI  Akademiker Pension

Andreu World  AP2  AP3  AP7  Avanzi

Batimat  Brico  Carbon Alt-Delete  Cinetic  Carmistín
Business and investor networks and associations:
ANNEX: Businesses and Investors are Taking Action

Over 400 companies globally have committed to reach net-zero emissions by 2040 under the Climate Pledge; similarly, over 300 investors have committed to transitioning their investments to achieve net zero portfolio emissions by 2050 or sooner under the Paris Aligned Asset Owners and Net Zero Asset Managers initiatives. In the EU, RE100 member companies reported 67 TWh of electricity consumption in the 2022-2023 reporting cycle, 84% of which was recognised as renewable electricity consumption. More than 130 companies are part of the EV100 and EV100+ initiatives, with companies acting towards transitioning their fleets to electric vehicles by 2030 for light commercial vehicles and by 2040 for heavy duty vehicles. Investors, asset managers and financial institutions are also calling for an enabling policy environment to raise transition finance for net zero investments, by providing policy priorities for the EU until 2030 and for the EU 2040 climate targets. These are just some of the many examples of how the private sector is ready to continue working towards a transition to a sustainable and resilient economy.

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7 The Climate Pledge “Be the Planet’s Turning Point.” https://www.theclimatepledge.com/


9 Climate Group. “About EV100.” https://www.theclimategroup.org/about-ev100%2010